(Continu d from First Fage.)

Lexow called the Committee to order and announced that they were ready to proceed with the business of the day. Senators O'Connor, Robertson, Pound, Cantor and Bradley were present, Senator Saxton being the only absentee.

Ex-Senator Stadler, of the Sixth District, was among the spectators. Senator Bradley showed considerable activity previous to the opening of the Committee. Somebody asked him what was up.

was up.

"I have been counting noses," he said, with evidence of high glee, "and I have found that not one of the members of this Committee voted for the bill to increase the salaries of the New York policemen. So they can't accuse a single

that \$87,000."
When asked if the Committee would take up the question of the alleged \$25 assessment of policemen, he said he didn't know, but he thought it ought to

Woman in Black Appears.

During a brief delay that followed one of the Parkhurst detectives went into the court-room with a woman. She was dressed in black, with a thick black vell which half covered her features. It was seen, however, that her checks were very red and her half a bright yellow.

Mr. Goff consulted with the detective and then with Chairman Lexow. Much curiosity was aroused, and it was sald that the woman would be a very important witness.

The first witness called by Mr. Goff was John G. Leonard, a policeman attached to the East One Hundred and Fourth street station. He had been on the force for ten years, but had now risen above the grade of patrolman.

Up to Nov. 15 last, he was in Capt. Straus's precinct, when he was changed without any warning to Capt. Westervelt's squad.

Mr. Goff stated that the policeman's record was good, and asked the witness if he understood he was protected by the Committee in giving his testimony. He said he was fully aware of this, and that he appeared on a subpoena.

Leonard testified that on election day last he was assigned to duty at a politing-place at Third avenue and Sixty-seventh street. A man named Kelly, who was one of the Tammany workers at the polling-place, was distributing pasters to voters inside the 150-feet line.

Policeman Complained Of.

Policeman Complained Of.

"I ordered him away," said the witness, "several times, because he was violating the law. Soon afterwards Policeman Conley came from the station and told me I was relieved and to go back to the station.

"I afterwards learned that either Kelly or the President of the Lenox Hill Club had been to the station and made a complanit about me.

"When I reached the station, Sergt. Casey told me to get my dinned, and when I returned he told me it was the Captain's orders that I should go up to the Boulevard and Seventy-sixth street." the Boulevard street."
"What were you told to do there?"
"To watch the fence."

"What were you told to do there?"
"To watch the fence."
"What fence was that?"
"An old fence between Seventy-fourth
and Seventy-fifth street."
"And you watched it all the rest of the

"I did."
"When were you transferred?"
"About two days afterward."
Mr. Nicoli did not cross-examine the

Then the mysterious woman was called she took the stand, and said her name was Mrs. Rhoda Sanford, but before she could be sworn she began to tremble, and told the Committee that she was subject to heart trouble and felt ill. She was allowed to retire temporarily. Mr. Goff escorted her to an adjoining room, and then Charles Prien was called.

was called.
Mr. Prien said he had appeared on a subpoena and against his will.
He said he lived at 5 St. Mark's place, but had formerly had a house for six years at 28 Bayard street.
"You kept lady boarders there?" asked Mr. Goff.

"In other words, it was a nonfame?"
"I think you might call it so."
"Were you ever raided?"
"Once; about a year ago."
The witness said that when he first took the house Capt. Cassidy was in command of the precinct. Then followed Capts. Cross, McLaughlin, now Inspector; Devery and Cortwright.
"Did you ever pay money to any police official while you wer in Bayard street?"

don't understand exactly." "You've heard of police pro"Oh, God, yes."
"Did any one ever collect money from you for that?"
"I guess so."
"To whom did you pay it?"

Says He Paid for Protection. "To the ward man. I paid by the south, and it was always in bills. I ad to pay it that way."

was later. Well, when Cassidy was Captain, how much was it?"
"Twenty-five dollars a month."
"Who was the ward man?"
"George Connor. He is now at Police

"George Connor. He is now at Police Headquarters."

The witness went on to say that Capt. Cross raised the price to \$50 a month, and the ward man, to whom Prien paid the money then, was named Smith. "Didn't you pay Capt. Cross's ward man \$500 once?"

"Yes, that was after I was raided."
"Did you pay the \$500 in a lump sum?"

Yes."
What was it for?"
I understood the \$500 was for an ini-

"I understood the \$500 was for an initiation fee."
"Oh, then it was \$500 initiation and \$50 month?" said Mr. Goff.
"That's about it."
"Well, when Capt. McLaughlin came in did you have to pay another initiation fee?"
"Oh, yes, but I don't remember whether it was \$500 or \$300."
"Wasn't it \$500?"
"It might have been."
"And the \$50 a month went on right along?"

along?" "Yes." "How was it paid?"

A Valuable Hand-Shake. "I met the ward man on the corner and we had a handshake."
"And the money stuck in the ward man's hand?"
"That's about it. It was a regular business transaction."
"When Capt Devery took charge 1 suppose you paid another initiation fee to the new ward man?" suppose you paid another initiation recto the new ward man?"
"Yes. I paid \$500 to Ward Man Glen-"Just tell the Committee how you did The witness said that Glennon came to his house and left word he wanted to see him at the station.

"I knew what he wanted, so I went to the station and asked the sergeant for the ward man, and he called him out. That was a few days after Capt. Devery had taken charge of the precinct, and it was the first time I had ever met Glennon. was the hrat time.

"We went out on the stoop, and the ward man said to me: "We mean business and don't want any fooling."

"I asked, 'How much?' and he said,

broke out, he received orders to close his places.

The places of the pl

Taxed for Christmas Presents.

"Yes; they used to come around every year for a Christmas present for the Captain."
"Who are 'they?"
"The ward man."
"And did you contribute to this?"
"Yes, I had to. We were all taxed the same."

"Yes, I had to. We were all taxed the same."

"How much did you pay?"

"Well. I paid \$100 twice, and then I beat them down to \$75."

"You say there were others who paid money the same as you did?"

"Yes, I know it positively."

"Please mention some of them among your neighbors.

"Well, there was 'French Charlie,' at 22 Bayard street; Mrs. Sanford, of 24 Bayard street; Mrs. Sanford, of 24

"Well, there was 'French Charlle,' at 22 Bayard street; Charles Davis, 33 Bayard street; Mrs. Sanford, of 24 Bayard street, whom I saw in the room here a little while ago; Mrs. Strosshoner, 34 Bayard street, and 'Baldy' Jones, 32 Bayard street, and 'Baldy' '190 you know Mrs. Jones."

"Oh, yes."
"Is that the lady sitting over there."

The witners stated that while he was rot afraid to testify before the Committee he had reason to believe that he might be persecuted for what he had dene, and might have to leave town.

Mr. Goff asked the Committee to assure the witness that he would be protected, and that the Committee would use all its power to prevent him from suffering any persecution for giving his testimony. Chairman Lexow told the witness that if he was interfered with by any person after he left the court-room, to report the fact immediately.

Mr. Nicoll then took the witness in hand.

Mr. Nicoli then took the witness in hand.

Mr. Prien stated that he was born in Berlin, where he was employed as a bookkeeper for a wholesale mercantile house. He is about fifty years old.

When asked how he happened to start in keeping a house of il fame he said that he became acquainted with a servant of a Mrs. Connolly, who kept the house at 28 Bayard street.

As she was going out of the business, the witness proposed to marry this servant and they could continue the business together at 28 Bayard.

Purely a Business Marriage.

"And you married the woman, and this agreement was part of the marriage contract?" asked Mr. Nicoll.
"Yes, that was the agreement."
"And you kept the house together?"
"Yes, and she is my wife now.
"The lease and everything of the Bayard street house was made out in my wife's name. The lease was dated March 17, 1888."
"Had you a bank account at that time?" time?"
"No, sir."

"No, sir."
"Or your wife?"
"No, sir."
"How did you get the money?"
"How wife borrowed \$1,000 from a friend of hers, and we gave notes for the balance of the cost of the furniture."
Mr. Nicoll asked the witness a great many questions about his previous life, and brought out the fact that he had been employed by various firms since he came to this city and was a barkeeper before he went to the war in 1863. He served to the close and was honorably discharged.

before he went to the war in 1863. He served to the close and was honorably discharged.

After that he went back to his old occupation as a barkeeper. He also worked as a waiter in the Central Park Casino, and drifted around from one thing to and drifted around from one thing to and the with the married and started his house in Bayard street.

Then Mr. Nicoll took up the story told by the witness of his transaction with Ward Man Connors and other officers of the Eldridge street station. Prien's testimony, however, could not be shaken, and as he leaned back stolidly in his chair he went all over the story a second time. He said he knew Capt. Casidy personnlly, but never had any financial transactions with him. It was always with his ward man. After keeping the place a little while, the witness said, he began to save money, despite the large payments he nade to the police, and he started a bank account. Capt. Cassidy personnelly, but never had any financial transactions with him. It was always with his ward man. After keeping the place a little while, the witness said, he started a bank account. Capt. Cassidy personnelly, but never had any financial transactions with him. It was always with his ward man. After keeping the place a little while, the witness said, he seater of the captain any presents or contribute money for that presents or sontibute money for that sail of the police and he started a bank account. Capt. Cassidy personnelly, but never had any financial transactions with him. It was always with his ward man. After keeping the place a little while, the witness said, he started a bank account. Capt. Cassidy personnelly have been at the contribute money for that transactions with him. Capt. Despite the Captain any presents or contribute money for that transactions with him. It was always and the place of the contribute money for that transactions with him. It was always and the place of the police and he went of the police and he went of the police and he went of the police and he was a member of the Cu

died a few weeks after he retired from the precinct. Capt. Cross, he said, raided his place, but he was not arrested. Warned of a Raid.

"When I heard there was a warrant out against me, I sent all the girls away and discharged every one but my housekeeper. They didn't get any evidence when they came in."

away and discharged every one but my housekeeper. They didn't get any evidence when they came in."

Mr. Nicoll did not ask the witness where he obtained his information about the warrant.

Prien said he could not remember who introduced him to Smith, Capt. Cross's ward man. The Captain himself was never present at any transaction which took place between them. He said he kept no memorandum of the moneys he paid to Wardmen Conners or Smith.

"Where did you get the \$500 you say you gave to Officer Smith as an initiation fee?"

I had to get some of it out of the

"Where did you get the \$500 you say you gave to Officer Smith as an initiation fee?"
"I had to get some of it out of the bank. I paid it to him at the corner of Eldridge street, near the station. I didn't make any memorandum of that."
"How much did you pay to Capt. Mc-Laughlin?"
"It was \$500. I think. I was informed the recinct that it would cost me \$300 and I paid it."
"To whom was it you paid it?"
"I don't know his name. He is a ward man over in the Tenderloin Precinct now. I hear."
The witness said he could not remember all the names of persons he dealt with because he had been subpoensed so suddenly he had not had time to think over the matter.
"Was it Mooney?" asked Mr. Goff.
"It might have been," said the witness. "There was a wardman by that name in the Eleventh Precinct. He was a man with a big red mustache."
"Where did you pay the \$500?" continued Mr. Nicoli.
"In the rooms of the John J. O'Brien Association, up in the office. It was soon after Capt. McLaughlin took otherse of the precinct."
"Yes."
"Was any one else present besides you and the wardman?"
"There were two others."
"You went there by appointment?"
"Yes."
"So what were they there for?"
"For the same purpose as myself."
"There were two others."
"St. Mark's place, and "Billy Mangin, a saloon-keeper, in Bond street."
"At this point Mr. Goff asked for a continuous session instead of taking a recess. as it might be dangerous to let witnesse who were in court go away. Senator Lexow agreed to this.

Prien Wanted a Drink.
Witness Prien said he felt week, and

"I asked. 'How much?' and he said.

"I've."

"I told him I hadn't it, but he said.
Oh, that's all gammon. You can raise it in an hour if you want to.

"'Well.' I said. Til try and I borrowed the money before Monday. That was Saturday. Glennon came around to my piace on Monday, and I took him into my private room and drew the curtain. Then I got the money and paid it over to him.

"He told me he wanted \$50 more, because the police had been looking out for me for a mouth.

"I told him I hadn't any more money then, but would pay him next month.

"Well' he said. 'let it go over the month and then it will be \$100."

Prien, who, by the way, is a Grand Army man, and wore the bronze button in the lappel of his coat, went on to say that he did not pay \$50 a month to Capt. Devery's ward man during the whole parts of his captaincy, because the time time the Parkhurst troubles.

St. Mark's place, and 'Billy' Mangin, a saloon-deeper, in Bond Street.

At this point Mr. Goff asked for a continuous session instead of taking a recess, as it might be dangerous to let witnesses who were in court go away. Senator Lexew agreed to this.

Prien Wanted a Drink.

Witness Prien said he feit weak, and asked permission to go out and take a drink.

"Wouldn't a glass of water do?" suggested the Chairman.

Prien shook his head with an expression of intense disgust.

"You won't have to wait long." said Senator Bradley, "We don't want any more Grangers," so Mr. Nicoll went on with his cross-examination.

"To whom did you tell this story before you came her?" he asked.

"I mentioned to a number of friends how I had been bled, and I suppose that the way is got out."

He said he never had seen Mr. Goff

"Was that a disorderly house?" asked Mr. Goff.
"Yes. It formerly was kept by Mrs. Smith, and I was her housekeeper. Afterwards I was the madam."

The witness said she had been proprietress of No. 24 only a short time winen some one came to her who said he came from the station-house or Police Headquarters and that he wanted her to pay some money to help along a young and struggling political club.
"You paid how much?"
"It was \$200."
"Did you know the person to whom you naid it?"

"Did you know the person to whom you paid it?"
"No. I never knew his name. He just came to the door and I opened it with the chain on and handed the money

the chain on and handed the money out."

Continuing, the witness said she had not been in No. 24 very long before she was "pulled."

"I understand it was Capt. Cross who was there then."

"Did you go right along with your business?" asked Mr. Goff.

"Oh, no: I closed up and sent all the girls up to Westchester County. I brought them back on the sly about two or three months afterwards."

"You hadn't paid any money then?"

"No, not then. I paid the \$200 afterwards." wards."
"Did you ever pay any other money?

Mrs. Sanford Says She Paid. "Oh, yes; I had to pay \$50 every month. I didn't always pay it all at once. Sometimes I would pay two or three months at a time."

Mrs. Sanford seem to be very nervous and gave her testimony in a hesitating manner. Sometimes she laughed hyster-ically.

manner. Sometimes she laughed hysterically.

Mr. Goff then produced a long account book with a brown cover.

"Do you recognize that, Mrs. Sanford?" he asked.

"Yes," she exclaimed excitedly. "It was stolen from my house, and there is the man that took it," and she pointed to Dennett, the Parkhurst detective, who was a witness last Tuesday.

Mr. Goff called attention to some entries, and the witness protested that they were not in her handwriting. She admitted, however, that they were made by a man named Biglin, who kept her accounts.

ounts. What is this item, 'Mr. Smith.

"That's interest on the mortgage."
"Here's one, Dec. 31. 'Bloom, \$125.'
"That was for rent, to my landlord."
"What is this, 'C., 500?"
"What's that? Oh, that was when must have paid the \$250 and a couple."

"What's that" Oh, that was when I must have paid the \$250 and a couple of months' dues."
"What does 'C' stand for?"
"It isn't a C. is it? Well, it may stand for city officials or something of that sort."
"It certainly looks like a C," said Senton Lexow.
"Description stand for Captain" asked. "Doesn't it stand for Captain," asked a

Mr. Goff.

"Oh, no! It couldn't stand for that, because I didn't know the Capiain."

"When did you commence to pay \$50 a month for protection?"

"About a year ago."

"Didn't you ever pay any initiation fee besides the \$250?"

"Never. Two men came to me once and wanted me to pay them \$500 for some club, but I would not do it. I told I them they could not get blood out of a stone."

That's the only present l

e attention of the witness was d to several other entries of pay-ts of considerable sums of \$100 and to Voss, Caust and Smith, and she these were all the same person. Bmith's real name was Voss, she

said these were all the same person.

Mr. Smith's real name was Voss, she
said, and it was from him she bought
the house, giving Mr. Smith a chattel
mortgage on the furniture. Some of
the payments were for interest and
some on the mortgage.

There were several payments to W. M.
of \$100. \$10 and various other sums.
Mrs. Sanford could not tell who this
represented. She was certain, however,
it was not Mosney, the ward man, although she admitted she recollected
him very well.

"He was ward man when I was him very well.

"He was ward man when I was housekeeper for Mr. Smith."

"What does this mean, 'Sept. 7, C. and tickets, \$85?"

"I don't know. I wasn't home at that time."

"I don't know. I wasn't home at that time."
"Doesn't it mean the regular \$50 monthly payment, and the price of three tickets for the Captain?"
"Oh. no; I don't think it could be."
"Well, I find here another item, on April 25, 1803, 'C., \$300;' the other was in October. What does that mean?" Mr. Goff inquired.
"That's the same thing put down by somebody else," said the witness, after looking at the book.
"You don't mean to say that you would put down the same item twice, ar,' six months afterwords."
"It must be a mistake. Oh. I know what it is," said the witness as a brilliant thought seemed to strike her; "it stands for carpets. I bought some carpets and a lot of furniture about a year ago. That's what it is," she added triumphantly.
"I don't think we need to go on with umphantly. "I don't think we need to go on with this witness any further," said Chairman Lexow. "We all understand the situation."

Accused Her of Lying.

"I think I can prove this witness is mistaken," said Mr. Goff.
"We are all satisfied she is lying," put in Benator O'Connor.
Mr. Goff, however, kept on, and Mrs. Sanford finally admitted, after much juggling and fencing, that two men had come to see her not long ago, and showed her a book which contained the prices paid for police protection in Newark, and that she had show them her book, and told them that "C" stood for capitalto.

and told them that "C" stood for captain.

"But," she said, "I never paid a cent that I knew went to the Captain. I don't know who got it. I thought it all went to the politicians and city officials."

"Didn't you say to one of them: 'Old man, I could make your hair turn gray—\$300 to the Captain and \$75 a month to the officer on beat?"

"Yes, I said something of that kind."

"Didn't you say you would not be another Lucy McCarthy?"

"Yes," "And that, if you ever got a chance, you would go into court and shout, 'Dr. Parkhurst?"

"Yes, and I also said it was too bad, after I had spent all the money I had and fixing up my house and all that, to get pulled every time."

"And you also said you would go and make a clean breast of it to Dr. Parkhurst?"

"Yes, for I don't thing the people are

because I had no money to pay rent. They closed me up so long."

You say you bought your house in a say that the time she gave up her place?"

Yes, but she married Sergt, Granger, of the Eleventh Precinct, soon after, the resigned from the force before he married her. He had been on the force twenty years."

Met the Ward Men on the Corner.

You used to meet the ward men on the corner of Grand and Eldridge streets, opposite the furniture store, to pay them money did you not?"

Yes, that was the regular appointed place. In the evening, Others used to meet him there, to."

Prien said he was utterly destitute when he was dispossessed, and had to sell everything. When he left the stand Senator Lessow again requested him to inform the Committee at once if any one interfered with him.

Mrs. Rhoda Sanford was then recalled. She said she lived at 49 Bayard street, she had been for two years at 24 Bayard street.

Was that a disorderly house?" asked Mr. Goff.

"Yes. It formerly was kept by Mrs. Smith, and I was her housekeeper. The witness said she had been proprietress of No. 24 only a short time I wiven some one came to her who sold he came from the station-house or Police Headquarters and that he wanted her to yay some money to help along a young and struggling political club.

"You paid how much?"

The was \$290."

The was the regular appointed place in the evening. Others used to pay them money did you not?"

The was the resultant political club.

"You used to meet the ward men on the corner of Grand and Eldridge streets, opposite the furniture store twenty and the captain sent word to meb the ward detective that the witness said, she sent her limmates away and ran her she turn, the captain sent word to meb the witness said, she sent her limmates away and ran her she turn, the captain sent word to meet the witness said, she sent her limmates away and ran her she would open the place as a furnished to Captain sent word of the captain sent word t more houses running in his precinct."

At intervals, the witness said, she all the could do so, the place as a furnished-room house, then she would open the place again when the captain said she could do so.

Be and the could do so, the self-she would open the place again when the captain said she could do so.

Dr. Parkhurst was in court all the time during Mrs. Sanford's testimony, and the time during Mrs. Sanford's testimony, and the time during Mrs. Sanford's testimony, and the colored stretching.

The next witness called was Emma Jones a slender brinter, who said sear the search of the superstance of the super

inct?"
"No; I never knew Capt. Devery."
"Do you know what a false oath is: "Sure,"
"And that, if you swear falsely you
will be sent to State prison."
"Yes, but I don't swear falsely," This
was all Mr. Goff could get out of the
was all Mr. Goff could get out of the

Mr. Nicoll did not cross-examine Mrs. Mr. Nicoli did not cross-examine Mrs.
Jones.
The next witness called was Charles
Kramm a stout German, who also wore
a Grand Army button in his coat. He
said he had kent a concert and variety
hall at 167 Chrystie street for sixteen

Verland Communication of the hall at 167 Chrystie street for sixteen Co. & lock Valleyyearn.

He said he had never failed to get a license from Mayors Hewitt, Grace and Grant, but Mayor Gliroy refused him a license because Capt. Cortright had made a bad report about his place.

"Oid you ever have any trouble with other police captains?"
and warm; e prominent upaup up upaup "None except Capt. Allaire."

"What was the trouble you had with him?"

Lake Shore.

amination.
"Not a cent," replied the witness.
Charles Prell, who said he kept a saloon at 8 Avenue A. in 1890, for three
months, was the next witness. He had
no license, and the Excise Inspector
found this out and came down on him. Only Cost Him \$5 a Month.

"I paid him \$5 a month to let me "I paid him so a money to a ward officer there also?"
"I don't think I did. I paid \$5 to some policeman, but I think he was a Sergeant."
"Belonging to the Fifth street sta-

"Helonging to the Fifth street station."
"Yes, I paid it right in the room. The
Sergeant came in with the Excise Inspector, and I gave \$5 to each of
them."
"Did you ever pay money to any one
else?"
"Yes. I was keeping a place in 1891 in
Twenty-second street, between Second
and Third avenues, without a license,
and I paid two excise in spectors \$5
aplece who threatened to close my place
up." apiece who threatened to close my place up."

John McElroy, a Manhattan Market produce dealer, proved a very interesting witness. After much fencing with Mr. Goff he admitted that he had a nephew named Scanlan, who lived at Spuyten Duyvil, and had applied less than three months ago for a place on the police force. han three months ago for a place on he police force.

"He called at my house about two conths ago on his way down to pass his xamination."

McElroy said he took no interest in its nephew's application, had nothing to lo with the matter, and denied that he wer drew a check to his nephew's order or save him any money. ever drew a check to his nephew's order or save him any money.

Mr. Goff announced that he had no more witnesses after McElroy left the stand.

"Some have gone away," he said, "hinkink they would not be called, while others have disobeyed the subpoenas of the Committee."

Subpocous Disobeyed.

"I hope you will see that proceedings are at once taken against such persons, said Senator O'Connor.
"I will do so," replied Mr. Goff, 'and row as we have had a pretty straight day, I move that an adjournment be taken till Monday mornins."

This was agreed to. All the members of the 'Committee, as well as Dr. Parkhurst and others interested in the investigation who had listened to the testimony, expressed the greatest satisfaction with the result of the day's proceedings. It was the biggest day's work that the Committee had yet accomplished.

One is to examine into the methods of conducting business in the departments here and make recommendations to Secretary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of business and the simplification of methods. The other relates to retary Carlisie, looking to Scientery Carlisie

The attaches of the City Court to-day pre sented Col. T. A. Hamilton, one of their number. with a lismond and sapphire scarfpin as a token of esteem and friendship. The presentation was made by thief Clerk John B. McGoldrick.

New York Office-Holder Shifted.

BEARS. STILL SENDING GOLD ABROAD. STINER TO DECIDE TO-DAY. SUGAR BATTLE IS ON.

Rate War, Coal Strike and Gold Steamers Will Take Out at Least Hammond - Moffatt Dispossession Senator Manderson Speaks for s \$2,250,000 To-Morrow. Exports Kept the Market Dull.

Raid Against Sugar Had the Effect Shipments Are Draining the Governof Raising the Price.

Extreme duiness characterized affairs

The witness afterward admitted that the house had been running on the quiet up to the middle of February last.

Felling Flace in a Disorderly House "As a matter of fact, Mr. Chairman, said Mr. Goff, "this is a disorderly house and it was selected by the Folice Commissioners as a polling place."

Chairman Lexow questioned the witness in regard to the payment of money for police protection, but she still persisted in her denial that she knew any thing about it.

"Who told you to close up the house?" asked Senator O'Connor.

"Nobody told me but Mrs. Davenport."

"Yes."

"For how long?"

"Ever since the place was pulled two years ago."

"Didn't you tel the men whom you met in Atlantic Garden that you had to pay the police \$1,000 a year for your Bayard street house?" asked Mr. Goff, returning to the charge.

"Noo, sir."

"And that Capt. Devery was the best captain you had ever known in the precinct."

"No, I never knew Capt. Devery."

"No, I never knew Capt. Devery."

"An mer. Sugar Ref. 100 1015, 293, 1015, 200.

with supporting orders and the price tose from \$91-8 to 1012-8. The total transactions up to noon were \$1,000 shares, and in the following couple of shores a number of stocks were practically neglected, but the jumps in the dealings. Chicago Gas was a conspicuous feature, and rose to 74-12.

The stock market bordered closely on stagnation this afternoon. Sugar and the price one from \$91-8 to 1013-8. The total transactions up to noon were \$1,000 shares, and in the following couple of shores and the price of stocks were practically neglected, but the jumps in the dealings. Chicago Gas was a conspicuous feature, and rose to 74-12.

The stock market bordered closely on stagnation this afternoon. Sugaration this afterno

Amer. Sugar Ref. pf tice Watson for running a policy shop at 16 Thames street.

He secured a writ of habeas corpus, secured a writ of habeas corpus, was adjourned until Thursday, and again until this morning, before Justice gray Gaynor. was adjourned until Thursday, and again until this morning, before Justice Gaynor.

Mr. Miles and that the legal fee due the Sheriff for the production of a prisoner in court was \$1.50, but that notwithstanding that fact he was obliged to pay Buttling \$3 for the production of Schulitheis Monday; that Tuesday he paid another \$3, and that to-day Sheriff Buttling would not produce Schuldtheis again because another \$3 had not been paid.

Justice Gaynor advised Mr. Miles to pay the Sheriff what he asked and then refer the matter to the Grand Jury. If it was extortion, he had a much more severe remedy, said the Court. The matter could be referred to the Governor, who has the power of removal.

Mr. Miles went down to the Sheriff some reason 24 cents had been deducted from the usual fee charged.

On the argument on the writ, Mr. Miles said that there were not enough facts before the police magistrate to warrant a conviction on the crime charged—that of selling lottery tickets.

Sheriff Buttling was not in his office of an appeal.

Sheriff Buttling was not in his office when a reporter called, but his chief clerk took down the Code of Civil Protion 3,307, and read as follows:
"For bringing up a prisoner upon a writ of habeas corpus to inquire into the cause of the detention, \$1.50, and for travelling to and from the jail 12 cents for each mile; for bringing up a prisoner upon any other writ of habeas corpus the same fees, and for attending the Court or Judge thereupon, \$1 for each day. Texas Pacific...... Tenn. Coal & Iron...... the Court of June the court of a cach day.

"The Sheriff is entitled, in addition to the sums specified in this subdivision, to his actual and necessary expenses."

Chief Clerk Sedgwick said the actual cost in this case was \$2.74, but it is customary to add carfares and other expenses. which made about \$3.00.

AIM OF DOCKERY EXPERTS. Trying to Learn How to Facilitate

VOLKENNING APPOINTED.

Chemist.

eserve. Commissioner Emery to-day removed ins special vaccinators, who were ap-ointed during the recent small-pox

CHECKMATE TO ARBITRAGE.

Seven-Foot Fence to Be Put Up in

Exchange has determined upon vigorous measures to prevent the few brokers

U. S. Cordage of.

Custom-House Business. Succeeds Dr. Walter Kent as City The Dockery Investigation Commis sion got down to the business of exam-Health Commissioner Emery, sion got down to the business of exam-ining the various departments of the New York Custom-House this morning. A room was assigned to them off the ro-tunda yesterday, where they will make their headquarters. By special act of Congress a Joint Committee of three Senators and three Congressmen was appointed to exam-Brooklyn, to-day announced that he had accepted the resignation of Dr. Walter Kent, the city chemist, and had ap-pointed Prof. Gustave J. Volkenning chief of the new Bureau of Chemistry. Prof. Volkenning is to have two assist-

By special act of Congress a Joint Committee of three Senators and three Congressmen was appointed to examine into the workings of all the executive departments of the United States Government. The Commission new engaged at the Custom-House here are not Government employees in the strict sense of the word, but are experts appointed by the Joint Committee, of which Congressman Dockery, of Missouri, is Chairman.

Mr. Dockery is at present at his home in Missouri, but will visit this city some time during the present investigation, which will continue for three or four weeks.

The experts consist of C. W. Haskins. Chief; R. W. Reinhart and E. W. Sells. Mr. Haskins was for many years connected with one of the largest importing houses in this city.

This investigation is strictly non-partisan, said Mr. Haskins to-day, and there are two objects in view. One is to examine into the methods of conducting business in the departments here and make recommendations to Secretary Carlisie, looking to the facilitation of mishess and the simplification of methods. The other relates to refunds, that is, the matter of rebates on imported manufactured goods which are made of exported American raw material.

"This work is a little outside of the Prif. Volkenning is to have two assistants.

It is possible that Dr. Kent may begin proceedings in the courts to compet Commissioner Emery to reinstate him. His friends say that, in accordance with the Commissioner's order on entering office on Feb. I, he placed his resignation in the hands of his superior. Timewore on, and, as Dr. Kent was not removed, he began to believe he would be retained. The Commissioner's action in notifying him of the acceptance of the resignation was a great surprise. Dr. Kent refuses to discuss the matter.

Frof. Volkenning is a graduate of Columbia, '88, and a member of the Naval Reserve.

Steamship Newport, from Pahama, brought 29.776 silver bars consigned to the New York and conturns Mining Company.

Flonduras Mining Company.

For April the Louisville & Nashville road earned gross, \$1,307,809, a decrease of \$277,504; expenses, \$1,307,809, a decrease of \$273,524; expenses, \$1,307,800, and for the ten months ended April 30, gross, \$13,548,538, a decrease of \$2,501,501; expenses, \$7,51,538, a decrease of \$1,105,512, and net, \$6,105,512, a decrease of \$1,105,512, and net, \$6,105,512, a decrease of \$23,502.

New York Office-flowers of the Communication of the

mond Will Win the Fight. ment's Sub-Treasury Hoard.

at the Stock Exchange this morning, and ment of gold. The supply of exchange is the tone of speculation was weaker. The still so small that the bankers are comright to dispossess tenants from his flat houses in Thirty-ninth and Fortieth have engaged \$1,250,000 in gold to ship to streets, between Seventh and Eighth avenues.

Matter in Justice's Hands.

Charles A. Moffatt, of 213 West Thirtyeighth street, who in turn sublets them. It is said many former inhabitants of

purify the neighborhood. He gave Mr. Moffatt until to-day to get his tenants out, otherwise he would dispossess them. ant, and therefore could not be ejected. Some of the tenants, however, becoming

The steamship Trave, which arrived from Southampton yesterday, brought \$35,000 in gold.

The steamship Newport, from Panama, brought \$25,770 in silver bars.

WHEAT THE LOWEST YET.

The Latest Record is 57.7-16 Here, and 55.1-4 in Chicago.

A lower turn to the foreign markets and reports of financial troubles in Buenos Ayres and several failures there resulted in decided weakness in our market to-day and a new low record on wheat, July selling off about ic., to 57.7-16c., while Chicago sold off to 55.1-4c. for July.

A good deal of wheat was offered at first, but the market steadled a little during the foreign and several a little during the foreign on a charge of keeping a disorderly house. market to-day and a new low record on wheat, July selling off about 1c., to d577-16c., while Chicago sold off to 551-4c. for July.

A good deal of wheat was offered at first, but the market steadled a little during the forenoon.

Cotton developed a good deal of strength this morning on a sharp advance in Liverpool futures, with a very execellent demand there for spot cotton. The first sales here were made at an advance over yesterday's closing figures of about 4 points, June selling on the first call at 7.29c. July at 7.24c. and 7.28c. Shortly after the call the market broke, losing about all the advance on realizing sales and a little reaction at Liverpool. There is a nervous feeling, and local traders are keeping close to the shore. Crop reports are in the main favorable.

Unexpected Move in Superior Court This Morning.

Motion for a Re-Lease.

Canary & Lederer Withdraw Their

by Oct. 15 \$29,000 in first mortgage bonds of a new company known as the Casino Company.

It was also asked that Robert F. Bixby, owner of the land on which the Casino is built, be restrained from proceeding against the Company for his claim for unpaid taxes, provided the whole of the amount received as rental by the receivers be applied to the payment of Mr. Bixby's claim.

Judge Dugro said that he could not make any stipulation to restrain the landlord, and the only way the proposed arrangement could be carried through was by an agreement on the part of Mr. Bixby. The matter was therefore adjourned until next Monday to allow the interested parties to come to an agreement with Mr. Bixby.

Mr. Hall, to whom it is proposed to lease the Casino, is Pretident of the Casino Club, which was organised by the Aronsona. The Club now has five nundred members, and under the new order of things the Club members will have free admission to the theatre, and will also have access to reading-rooms and grill rooms and various other special club privileges.

It is understood that the Aronsons are to have control of the Club and the theatre.

KRAUS WAS ON HAND. upplementary Proceedings Exam-

inntion Adjourned to June 7. George J. Kraus, proprietor of the Imperial Husic Hall, was summoned to ap-pear to-day in the City Court for exampear to-day in the City Court for examination in supplementary proceedings, and he was on hand, accompanied by Lawyer Brodsky.

Ferdinand Straus, an agent of the Equitable Lafe Assurance Association, such Kraus to recover the value of a promissory note of \$500, given Dec. 19, 1883, and payable in three months after date. Straus claimed that he had paid that amount of money in premiums for policies of life insurance for Kraus's benefit.

Straus got judgment for \$887.74, but the Sheriff could not execute the same and Straus becan supplementary proceedings.

HERMANN IS IN CONTEMPT.

Duty and a Bounty.

Residents Hope that Purifier Ham- Hill's Resolution for an Open Investigation Goes Over.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, June I.—A large horseshoe of roses rested on the desk of Senstor Proctor (Rep., Vt.), when the Sensmet at 10 o'clock to-day, in honor of hi sixty-third birthday.
Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) presented a pe-

tition from the "New England Industrial Army" asking legislation which wo...I guarantee work to the unemployed. Mr. but one of many of a similar character presented to Congress, was worthy of consideration. He moved that a special committee be appointed to investigate the matter set forth therein, but with-drew it upon the suggestion of Mr. Cockrell (Dem., Mo.) that it should first go to

It was within five minutes of 10.30 when the morning business was finished and Mr. Hill (Dem., N. Y.) therefore made no effort to get up his resolution to instruct the Bribery Committee to throw open its doors to the public. It went over with-out prejudice, as did Mr. Delph's reso-lution to bring E. J. Edwards, one of the contumacious witnesses, to the bar of th Senate for contempt. Mr. Frye (Rep., Me.) asked the Vice-

President wheth wor not the proceedings in reference to the contumacious wit-nesses had been certified by him to the

A good deal of wheat was offered at first, but the market steaded a little during the forenoon.

Cotton developed a good deal of strength this morning on a sharp advance in Liverpool futures, with a very excellent demand there for spot cotton. The first sales here were made at an advance over yesterday's closing figures of about 4 points. June selling figures of about 4 points. June selling and 7.22c. August 10.7.25c. Shortly after the call the market broke. Losing about all the advance on realising sales and a little reaction at Liverpool. There is a nervous feeling, and local traders are keeping close to the shore. Crop reports are in the main favorable.

MILES ACCUSES BUTTLING.

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The Lawyer Makes Insinuations Regarding sheriff's Feen.

Lawyer William O. Miles, before Justice Gaynor, in Supreme Court, Brooking, this morning made a statement regarding the official acts of Sheriff William J. Buttling, insinuating that he had been guilty of extortion.

MILES ACCUSES BUTTLING.

ARONSON'S CASINO AGAIN?

ARONSON'S CASINO AGAIN?

Unexpected Move in Superior of the contumacious with referred to be moses had been certified by him to the observation of the first bill that the loss of certified by him to the content of the court of the sweet made at an advance or problem that the place of the court of the supar grower. The House bill repealed the bounty and placed all sugars, raw and refined, on the free list, imposed one-half cent duty on refined to the sugar grower. The House bill repealed the bounty and placed all sugars, raw and refined, on the free list, the sugar schedule of the sugar grower. The House bill repealed the bounty and placed all sugars, raw and refined, on the free list, the sugar grower. The House bill repealed the bounty and placed all sugars, raw and refined on the sugar, raw and refined on the sugar schedule of the sugar schedule of the sugar schedule of the s

not in the cane fields of Nebrasia. The in the committe-room. The sacoharise principle as it impregnated all listore invaded every feature of this bill.

Mr. Manderson then proceeded to argue in favor of protection for the suargrowing industry of the country. The consumption of sugar in the United States was enormous, he said. Almost 5,000,000,000 pounds of raw sugar he been consumed last year, representing from and refined shroad. I make total of \$182,009,000 to be paid to foreigners. Free sugar would mean the immediate destruction of the best sugar industry and the gradual extinction of cane sugar production in the Southern States.

Proceedings were begun in the Superior Court this morning, looking towards the putting of the Aronsons back into the control of the Casino, and it is probable that within the next week they will be successful.

A motion was made before Judge Dugro by Lawyer Michael Jacobs, counsel for the receivers of the New York Concert Company, Limited, to allow the receivers to re-lease the Casino to Canary & Lederer wished to withdraw their offer, and Lawyer Jacobs accepted the withdrawal.

Immediately after the withdrawal of Canary & Lederer's offer Lawyer Jacobs moved that the receivers be allowed to lease the Casino to William Frank Hall, representative of the bond-holders. It was stipulated that Hall should deposit by Oct. 15 220,000 in first mortgage bonds of a new company known as the Casino Mr. Manderson denied that in foster-Mr. Manderson denied that in fostering the growth of beet and case swar any obligation existed to protect the refiners. There was no connection, he occlared, between the sugar grower and the odious Sugar Trust. He cared nothing for the one and everything for the other. He proceeded to describe in detail the manner in which beets was grown and the methods of their conversion in the factory into sugar.

He sketched the development of beet sugar production in other countries under the bounty system adopted in Germany, Austria-Hungary, Russia, Holland, Belgium, Sweden, Denmark, Italy and Canada. Even England, not to be behindhand, was offering a bounty in her colonies.

At 2 o'clock Mr. Manderson concluded, and Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.,) took the floor.

While Mr. Peffer was advocating a Mr. Manderson denied that in fo

and Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.,) took the floor.

While Mr. Peffer was advocating a bounty for the sugar-growers, Mr. Aldrich interrupted him to call attention to the fact that the Democrata, in supporting the Gorman-Brice bill, were advocating protection in the form of tariff for revenue with incidental protection. The Republican party, on the other hand, called it protection pure and simple. The Populist party, now speaking through the Senator from Kansas, also advocated protection.

Thus, Mr. Aldrich declared, party lines were wiped out and the question presented was simply how to revise the tariff in accordance with the views held by all parties, but called by different names.

SENATE SUGAR INQUIRY.

John De Witt Warner Before Committee To-Day. (By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, June 1 .- Congress

man John De Witt Warner, of New York, was before the Senate Sugar Investigating Committee for an hour day. He took a very decided stand when the Tariff bill was before the House in favor of free sugar. There have been stories to the effect that efforts were the Stock Exchange.

Sheriff could not execute the same and stories to the effect that efforts were Straus becan supplementary proceedings.

The Governing Committee of the Stock
The hearing was adjourned until June 7. to have him desist from his opposition to the sugar schedule, and Mr. Warner was questioned as to the truth of these

doing an arbitrage business from having any advantage over the larger number of members who do not enjoy that kind of paironage.

The Committee on Arrangements has decided to concentrate the telephones in the north and south ends of the Exchange and to put up a railing seven feet high or thereabouts so as to prevent signaling between members on the floor and those outside of the rail.

Additional room will be given the subscribers, who last year gave a return of \$130,000 to the Exchange.

The loss in the number of subscribers, it is estimated, will reduce the receipts from this source to \$3,000 in 1894.

Senator O'Connor in Court.

Senator G'Connor, of the Lazw investigating Committee, as alongside of Justice Roch in the Essex Market Police Court to-day, the remained for about an hour.

HERMANN IS IN CONTEMPT.

Her remains in Cuba He Cuba He ceromatic the Committee and the committee. Stories.

He refused, when he left the committee recommittee. A motion was made before Chief Judge Daly, of the Court of Common Poleas, to-day, to punish Alexander Hermann of the Committee, also declined as to the truth of these stories.

He refused, when he left the committee recommittee, also declined to attempt to give a summary of the testimony, saying that the report of it would be published soon, and that any synopsis would be unifair.

The Committee adjourned over until Monday to await the appearance of a witness from a distance, and the account to a committee, also declined as to the truth of these stories.

Hermann of Court of Common Poles, to punish Alexander Hermann of Court.

Julius J. Frank secured a judgment as the well-known sleight-of-hand performer. for contempt of Court.

Julius J. Frank secured a judgment as the mann, the well-known sleight-of-hand performer. for contempt of Court.

Hermann has been ordered several times to appear for examination in supplementary proceedings in committee.

The Will Act the required to action of the Court with the report of it would be published soon, and that any synopsis would b